



CALIFORNIA COMMISSION ON THE FUTURE OF WORK

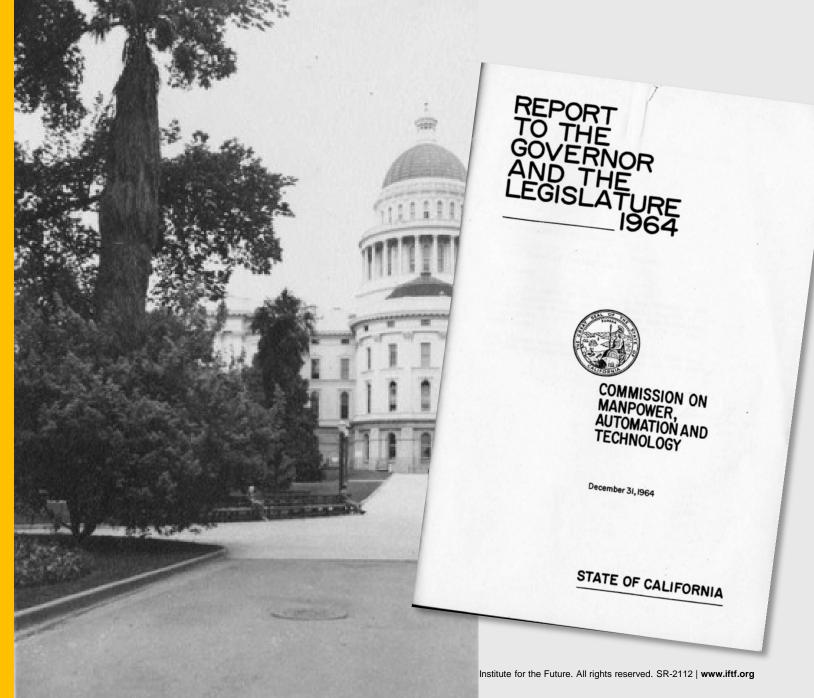
Anmol Chaddha | Equitable Futures Lab

September 10-11, 2019

Sacramento, CA

CALIFORNIA COMMISSION ON THE FUTURE OF WORK

How this
Commission
will be different



FUTURE OF WORK

- I. Core topics
 - automation & technology
 - skills & job quality
 - fissuring of work
- II. Expansive vision of economic equity





Predicted Jobs Automation Will Create and Destroy

When	Where	Jobs Destroyed	Jobs Created	Predictor	
2016	worldwide		900,000 to 1,500,000	Metra Martech	
2018	US jobs	13,852,530*	3,078,340*	<u>Forrester</u>	
2020	worldwide		1,000,000- 2,000,000	Metra Martech	
2020	worldwide	1,800,000	2,300,000	<u>Gartner</u>	
2020	sampling of 15 countries	7,100,000	2,000,000	World Economic Forum (WEF)	
2021	worldwide		1,900,000- 3,500,000	The International Federation of Robotics	
2021	US jobs	9,108,900*		<u>Forrester</u>	
2022	worldwide	1,000,000,000		Thomas Frey	
2025	US jobs	24,186,240*	13,604,760*	<u>Forrester</u>	
2025	US jobs	3,400,000		ScienceAlert	
2027	US jobs	24,700,000	14,900,000	<u>Forrester</u>	
2030	worldwide	2,000,000,000		Thomas Frey	
2030	worldwide	400,000,000- 800,000,000	555,000,000- 890,000,000	<u>McKinsey</u>	
2030	US jobs	58,164,320*		PWC	

automation & technology

FACTS

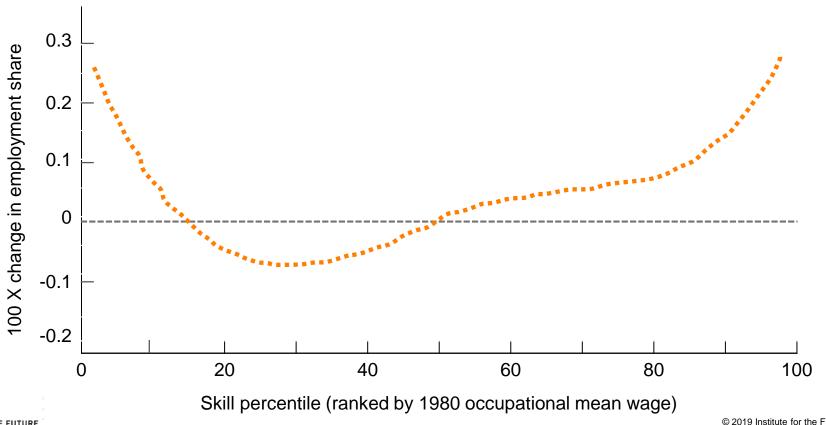
Every study we could find on what automation will do to jobs, in one chart

There are about as many opinions as there are experts.

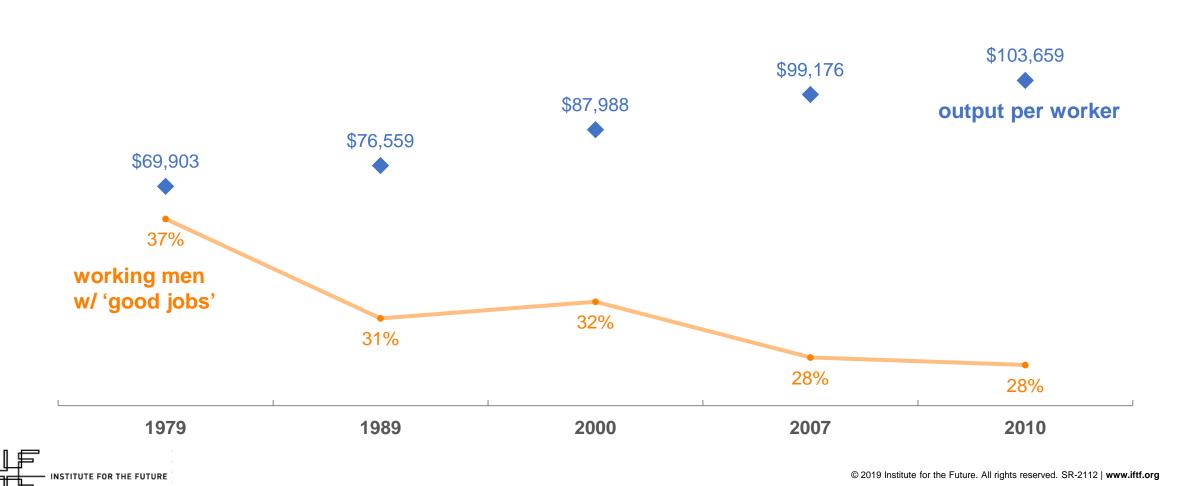
Technology Review



Job growth limited to low-skill & high-skill jobs (1980–2005)







Source: Economic Policy Institute



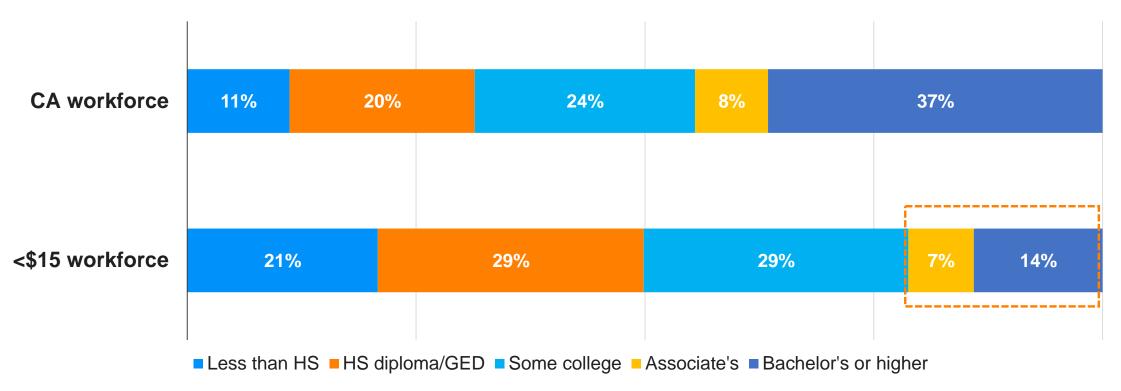
Who makes less than \$15 in California?

	CALIFORNIA	Los Angeles metro	San Jose metro	SF-Oakland metro	San Diego metro	Fresno metro
ALL WORKERS	35%	37%	21%	21%	32%	45%
Male	32%	35%	18%	19%	30%	41%
Female	38%	40%	24%	23%	35%	48%
White	23%	21%	13%	13%	22%	27%
Black	35%	34%	30%	30%	40%	41%
Latino	50%	52%	37%	36%	47%	56%





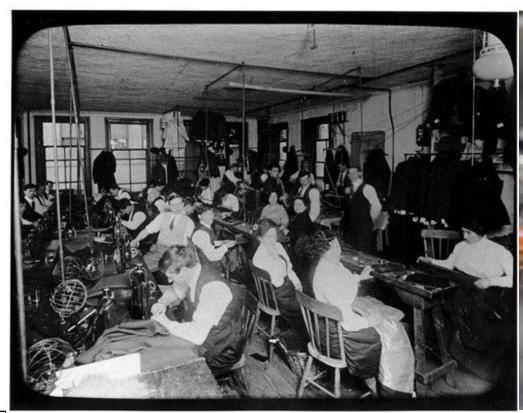
1/5 of low-wage workers in CA have a college degree







Manufacturing jobs became good jobs







Sources: David Weil The Fissured Workplace (2014) Katz and Kruger (2016)

fissuring of work FACTS

- Gig work is a continuation of a long-running "fissuring of work"
 - Gig workers may be relatively small share of workforce
 - Outsourcing, temp work, independent contracting
 - These arrangements are at the core of changes in work and key to the deterioration of job quality
- The employment forms in 'gig work' are migrating into mainstream work:
 e.g. irregular scheduling, workforce monitoring, data collection, etc

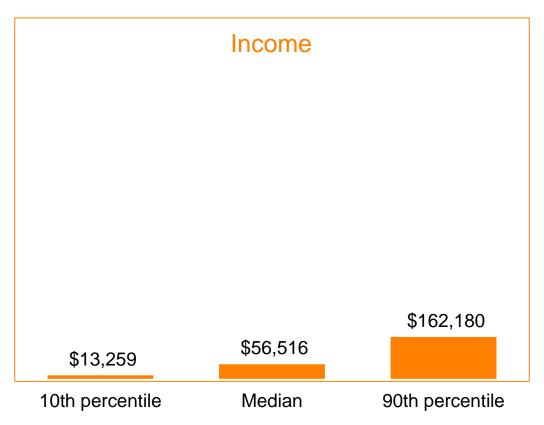


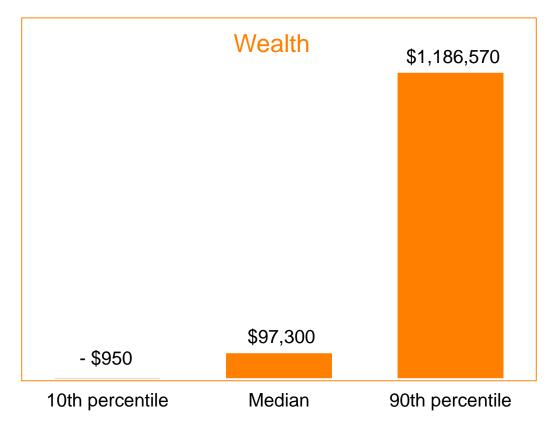
expansive vision of economic equity



income & wealth

Income inequality dwarfed by wealth inequality



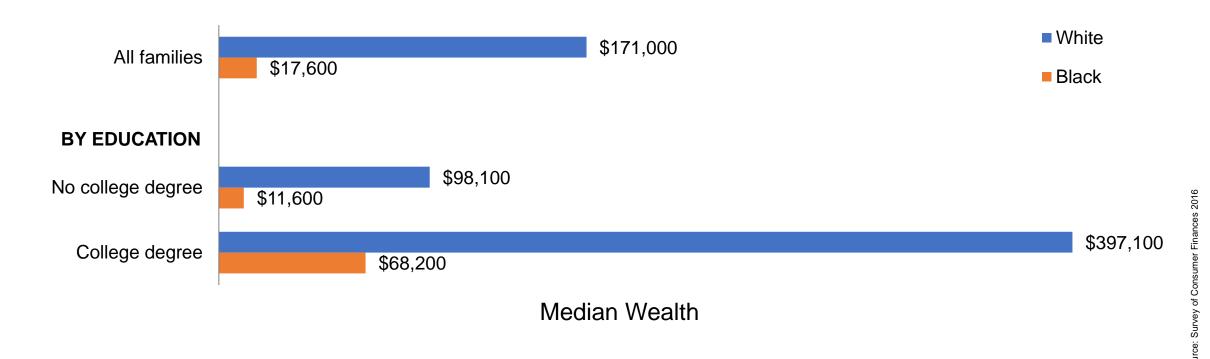






income & wealth

Racial wealth inequality is enormous—and not solved by education







Ideas: Better Schools Won't Fix America

Like many rich Americans, I used to think educational investment could heal the country's ills—but I was wrong. Fighting inequality must come first.

NICK HANAUER JULY 2019 ISSUE





Barack Obama 🔮 @BarackObama · Jun 18

This is worth a read: a thought-provoking reminder that education reform isn't a cure-all. As a supporter of education reform, I agree that fixing educational inequality requires doing more to address the broader, systemic sources of economic inequality.



RAY DALIO SAYS WEALTH INEQUALITY IS A NATIONAL EMERGENCY

The founder of the most successful hedge fund in the world says capitalism needs to be reformed and that the American dream is lost

Increasing education: What it will and will not do for earnings and earnings inequality Brad Hershbein, Melissa S. Kearney, and Lawrence H. Summers

Increasing educational attainment *will not* significantly change overall earnings inequality. The reason is that a large share of earnings inequality is at the top of the earnings distribution, and changing college shares will not shrink those differences.

BROOKINGS

